

Shakespeare Will the wordsmith



Shakespearean adjectives

Shakespeare invented many new adjectives. Here are just a few of them

barefaced	deafening	fashionable	flawed	generous	gloomy
gnarled	lacklustre	laughable	lustrous	majestic	tranquil

Can you work out how to use these adjectives? Write the words in the spaces to complete the sentences about some of Shakespeare's famous plays. Use a dictionary and the clues to help you.

KING LEAR				
Regan and Goneri told King Lear a lie				
CLUE: shameless and undisguised				
HENRY V				
At the Battle of Agincourt, the sound of swords clashing was				
CLUE: very loud				
HENRY VIII				
Queen Anne Boleyn was the most lady at court				
CLUE: popular dress or behaviour				
HAMLET				
Prince Hamlet is a fatally character				
CLUE: weakness in character				
MERCHANT OF VENICE				
Antonio is a friend to Bassanio				
CLUE: gives lots to others				
MACBETH				
Macbeth met the Three Witches on a heath one evening				
CLUE: dark or poorly lit				
MACBETH				
The army used old tree branches to hide from Macbeth				
CLUE: knobbly, rough and twisted				
AS YOU LIKE IT				
Jacques gave his watch a glance				
CLUE: dull, uninspired, without shine				
MERCHANT OF VENICE				
Antonio is sad and does not find Solanio's joke very				
CLUE: foolish yet funny				
TWELFTH NIGHT				
The fool tells Malvolio that his windows are				
CLUE: shining				
HAMLET				
Hamlet is set in a palace in Elsinore in Denmark				
CLUE: impressive beauty or scale				
OTHELLO				
Othello waves goodbye to his state of mind				
CLUE: calm				

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