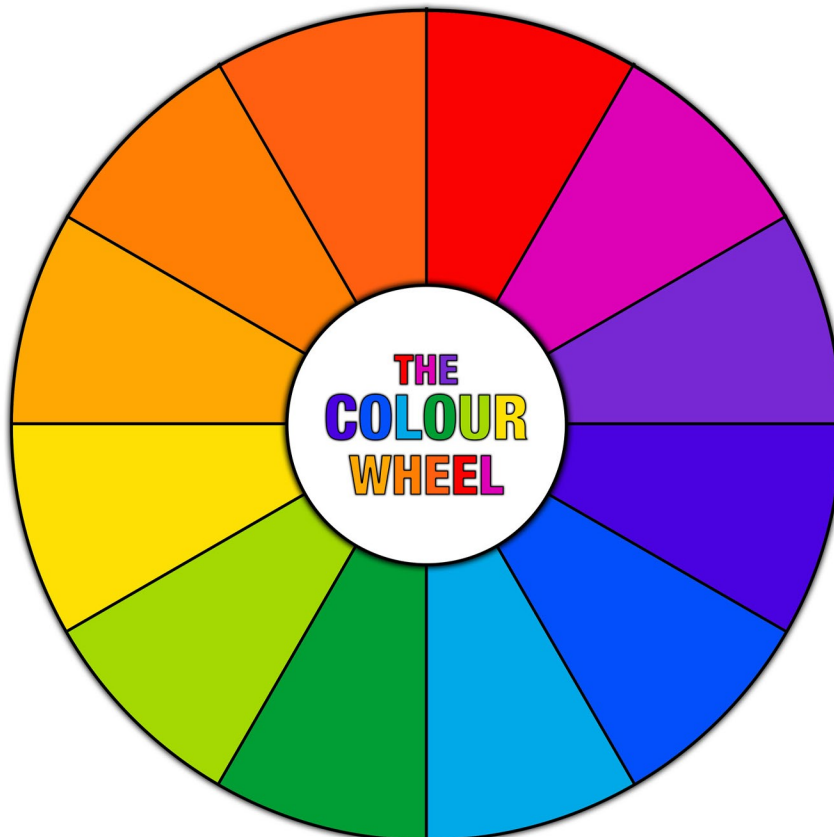
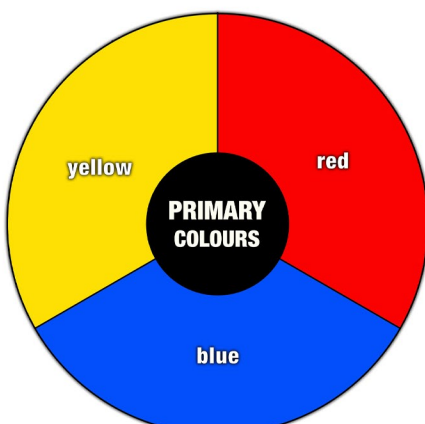




The colour wheel is a simple way to learn how colours work together and how they can be mixed. It's a very helpful tool for artists and designers to mix paints colours and pigments.

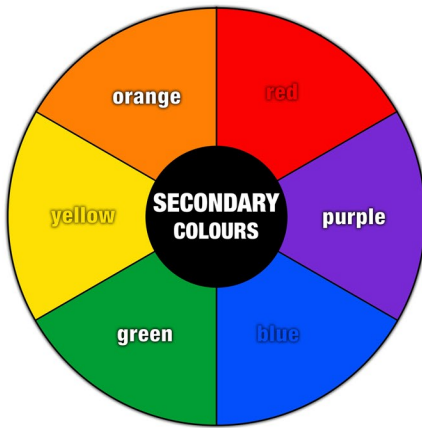


To understand how the colour wheel works we first need to learn some important colour words – *primary*, *secondary* and *tertiary*.



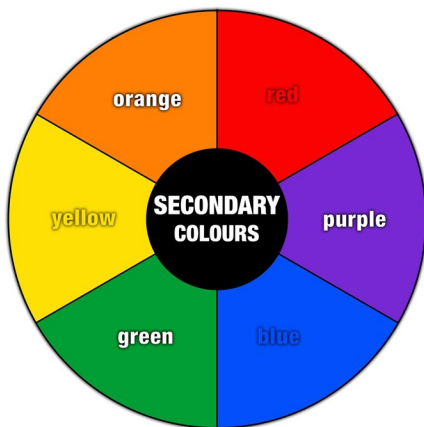
## PRIMARY COLOURS

Primary colours are colours that can't be made by mixing any other colours together. The three primary colours are red, blue and yellow.



## SECONDARY COLOURS

Secondary colours are the colours made by mixing two primary colours together. The three secondary colours are purple (red + blue), green (blue + yellow) and orange (yellow + red).

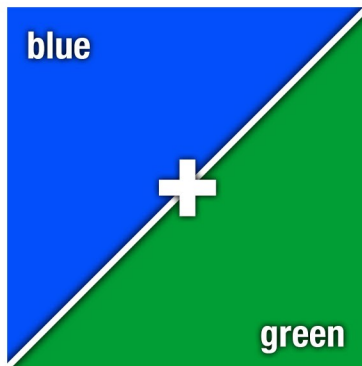


## TERTIARY COLOURS

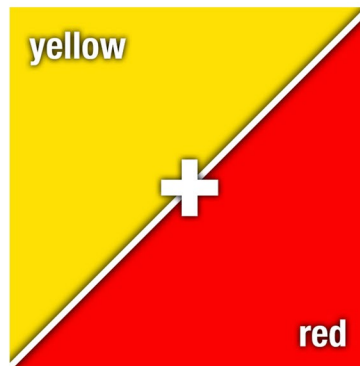
Tertiary colours are the colours made by mixing a primary colour with a secondary colour. Tertiary colours have the names of both parent colours. The six tertiary colours are red-purple, blue-purple, blue-green, yellow-green, yellow-orange and red-orange.



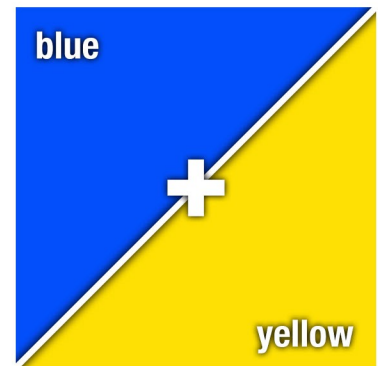
Which colours do these colour mixes make? Write your answer in the space provided. Use the colour wheels on the previous pages to help you.



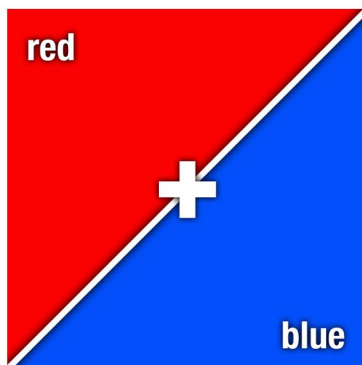
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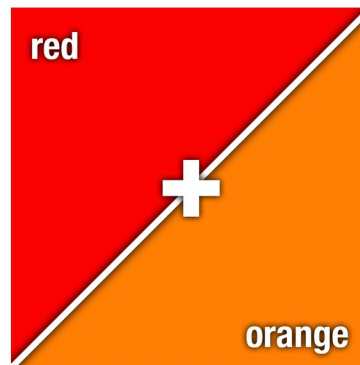
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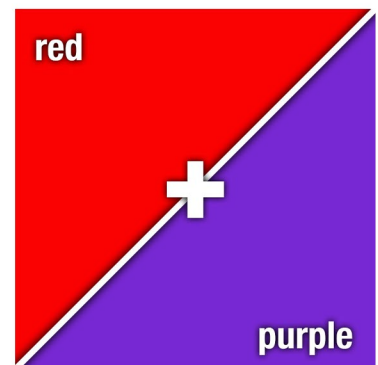
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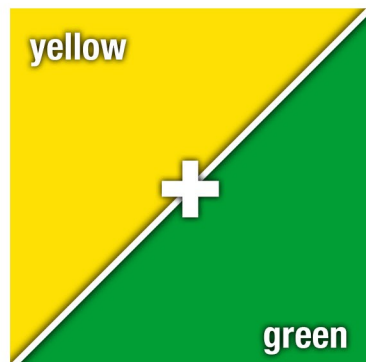
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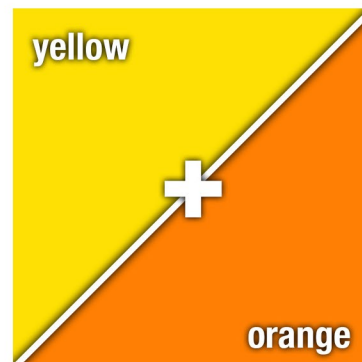
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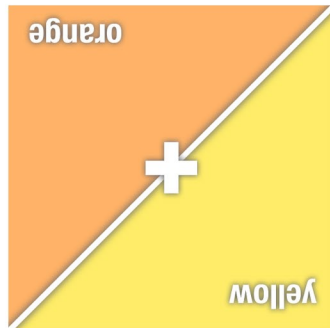
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# Colour mixing ANSWERS



yellow-orange



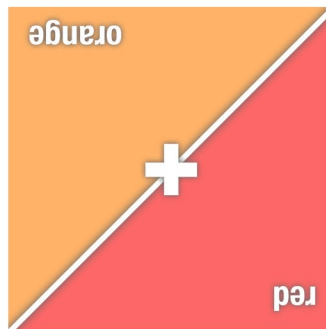
yellow-green



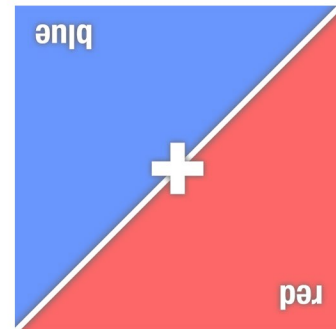
red-purple



red-orange



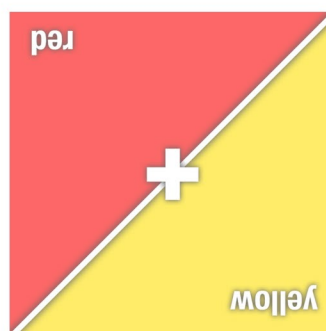
purple



green



orange



blue-green

